

**SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR GENERATING PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS****Abstract of the Disclosure**

A method and system is provided for generating pseudo-random numbers utilizing techniques of both the SHA-1 and DES encryption standards, wherein a pseudo-random number generator is re-keyed periodically using an external input of physical randomness. In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, a current seed value  $S_j$  is loaded from a non-volatile storage. Next, values  $E$ , representative of environmental randomness, and  $C$ , representative of configuration data are likewise loaded. A new seed value,  $S_{j+1}$ , is generated in accordance with the equation  $S_{j+1} = f(S_j; A; C; E)$ , wherein  $f$  represents a selected encryption algorithm, and  $B$  is a second constant, and wherein  $S_j$  is concatenated with  $A$ , which is concatenated with  $C$  which is concatenated with  $E$ . The new seed is then written to the non-volatile storage. Next, a key,  $K$ , is generated in accordance with the equation  $K = f(S_j; B; C; E)$ , wherein  $B$  is a second constant. Lastly, a pseudo-random number output,  $P_n$ , is generated in accordance with the equation  $P_n = f_{3DES}(K, P_{n-1})$ , where  $f_{3DES}$  represents the operation of triple DES encryption hardware, and  $P_{n-1}$  is the previously generated pseudo-random number.